



Commonwealth Healthcare Corporation

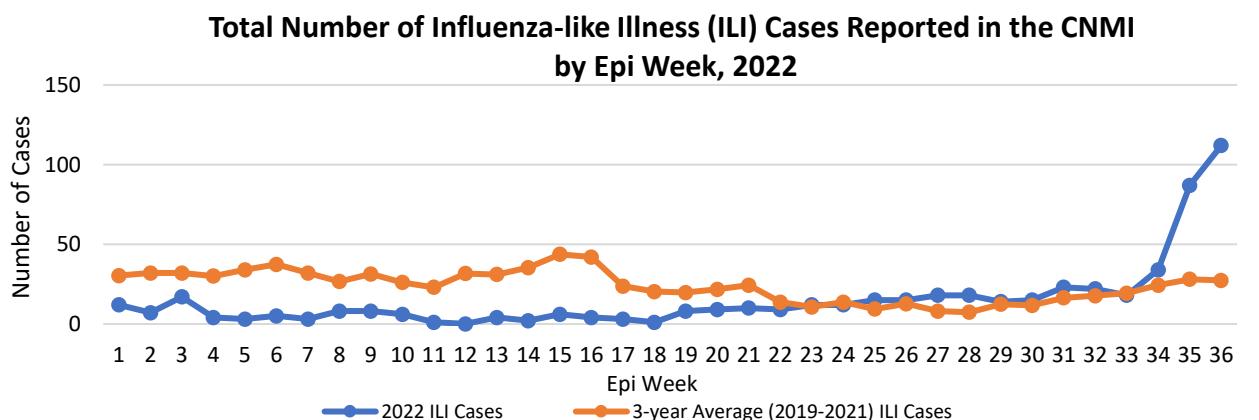
CNMI Weekly Syndromic Surveillance Report



EPI WEEK 36

EPI WEEK DATE: September 04 - September 10, 2022

Clinic	Influenza-Like-Illness (ILI)		Diarrhea (DIA)		Prolonged Fever (PF)		Acute Fever and Rash (AFR)		Total Encounters	
	Last week	Current week	Last week	Current week	Last week	Current week	Last week	Current week	Last week	Current Week
CHCC Family Care Clinic	1	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	394	342
CHCC Women's Clinic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	103	87
CHCC Children's Clinic	14	24	0	2	1	1	1	0	224	208
CHCC Emergency Room	61	73	9	9	2	6	0	2	564	654
Kagman Isla Community Health	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	231	204
Tinian Isla Community Health	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	23	25
CHCC Tinian Health Center	6	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	131	153
CHCC Rota Health Center	1	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	142	118
	87	112	13	13	3	9	1	2	1812	1791



KEY TAKEAWAYS

- 1% Decrease in **Total Encounters** from the last epi week to the current epi week.
- 92% Decrease in **COVID-19 cases** were seen this epi week (#36) compared to the average of the previous 3 epi weeks (#35, 34, & 33).
- 142% Increase in **Influenza-like cases** were seen this epi week (#36) compared to the average of the previous 3 epi weeks (#35, 34, & 33).

ALERTS AND TRENDS

- ↑ ILI: Increase from previous week
- ↑ PF: Increase from previous week
- ↔ AFR: Stable from previous week
- ↔ DIA: Stable from previous week

Syndromes	Epi Week				% Change from current week to previous 3 weeks	COVID Hospitalizations	
	36	35	34	33		Date Range	Totals
Acute Fever and Rash	2	1	3	3	Unstable	September 04 – 10, 2022	0
Prolonged fever	9	3	10	7	35%	August 28 – September 03, 2022	1
Influenza-like illness	112	87	34	18	142%	11/09/2021 – 09/10/2022	275
Diarrhea	13	13	16	12	-5%		



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CNMI Weekly OD2A Surveillance Report



EPI WEEK36 | EPI WEEK DATE: SEPTEMBER 4 – SEPTEMBER 10, 2022

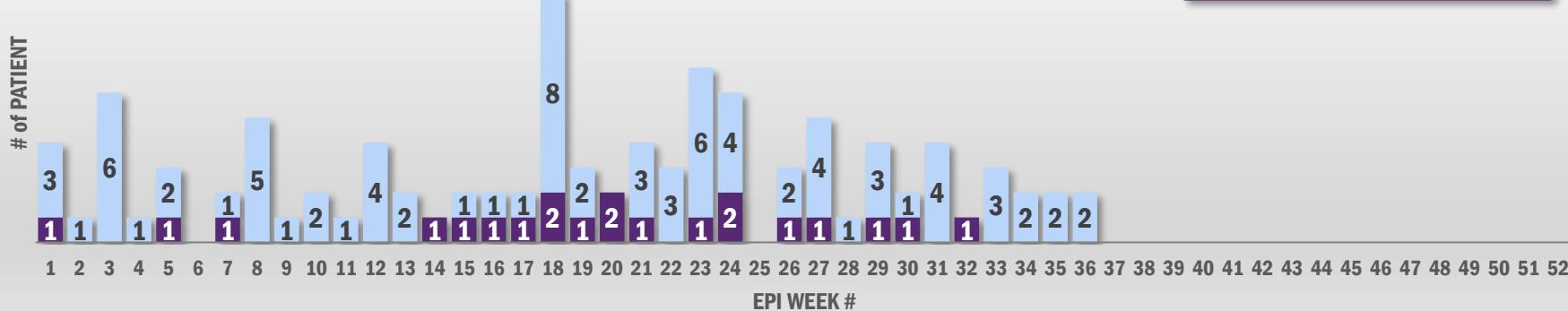
WEEKLY CASE COUNTS

POLY SUBSTANCE		OPIOID			STIMULANT			BENZODIAZEPINE			OTHER SUBSTANCE
OVERDOSE	MISUSE	OVERDOSE	OUD	MISUSE	OVERDOSE	SUD	MISUSE	OVERDOSE	BUD	MISUSE	OVERDOSE
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0

NOTE: The encounters have been monitored since 2020. Some individuals might be involved in multiple cases or flagged multiple times for the same type of encounter in a single EPI week. The OD2A Surveillance has expanded to include Stimulant and Poly Substance cases in 2021, Benzodiazepine cases in 2022. The Poly Substance cases are also counted under respective categories. Prior cases of these overdose might be duplicated under Other Substance Overdose category.

OD2A SURVEILLANCE: PATIENT by EPI WEEK 2022

- FATAL OVERDOSE
- NON-FATAL OVERDOSE
- SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER or MISUSE



CASE DEFINITION	
OVERDOSE	Injury to the body (poisoning) that happens when a drug is taken in excessive amounts. An overdose can be fatal or nonfatal, accidental or intentional.
POLY-SUBSTANCE	The use of more than one drug, also known as polysubstance use, is common. This includes when two or more are taken together or within a short time period, either intentionally or unintentionally. Intentional polysubstance use occurs when a person takes a drug to increase or decrease the effects of a different drug or wants to experience the effects of the combination. Unintentional polysubstance use occurs when a person takes drugs that have been mixed or cut with other substances, like fentanyl, without their knowledge. Whether intentional or not, mixing drugs is never safe because the effects from combining drugs may be stronger and more unpredictable than one drug alone, and even deadly.
MISUSE	*For OD2A Surveillance, Poly-Substance Use only includes encounters associated with Opioids, Stimulants, and/or Benzodiazepines.
OPIOID USE DISORDER	The use of illegal drugs and/or the use of prescription drugs in a manner other than as directed by a doctor, such as use in greater amounts, more often, or longer than told to take a drug or using someone else's prescription.
STIMULANT USE DISORDER	A problematic pattern of opioid, stimulant, or benzodiazepine uses that lead to serious impairment or distress. Diagnosing OUD/SUD/BUD requires a thorough evaluation, which may include obtaining the results of urine drug testing and prescription drug monitoring program (PDMP) reports, when OUD/SUD/BUD is suspected. A diagnosis is based on specific criteria such as unsuccessful efforts to cut down or control use, or use resulting in social problems and a failure to fulfill obligations at work, school, or home, among other criteria.
BENZODIAZEPINE USE DISORDER	Any encounters that possibly leading to the above descriptions with such providers' comments as "requesting prescription refills (at emergency department)", "drug-seeking behavior", and "frequent ER visitor for the same complaint for chronic pain and requesting 'stronger' medication". Also, cases where providers indicate there is possibility for misuse on the EHR system or when patients inform that they took Oxycodone (for example) and no PDMP data to support the patients' statement.
SUSPECTED MISUSE	

SENTINEL SITES	
Commonwealth Healthcare Corporation (CHCC)	
ER - Emergency Room, PCAP - Primary Care Access Point,	
CC - Children's Clinic, FCC - Family Care Clinic, WC - Women's Clinic,	
THC - Tinian Health Clinic, RHC - Rota Health Center	
Private Clinic	
KICH - Kagman Isla Community Health,	
TICH - Tinian Isla Community Health	
Overdose Data to Action Program	
Suite 305, Marina Heights II Bldg.	
P.O. Box 500409, Saipan, MP 96950	
TEL: (670) 322-0061 Email: od2a@chcc.health	





Commonwealth Healthcare Corporation

CNMI Weekly Notifiable Disease Report



EPI WEEK 36

EPI WEEK DATE: September 04 - September 10, 2022

In the table below, weekly and year to date counts are displayed through epi week 36. Additionally, a 3-year weekly average of incident counts comparing the incident count for this time period to the average of the previous 3 years (2019-2021) is included as well as incident rates for conditions that have counts greater than 20. Rates cannot be calculated for counts less than 20 due to statistical unreliability.

Condition	Epi Week 36	2022 YTD	3-year weekly average incident counts	2022 YTD Incident Rate*	2021 Incident Rate*
Enteric					
Campylobacter	1	24	0	50.7	29.6
Ciguatera fish poisoning	0	2	0	4.2	33.8
Salmonella	1	14	0	29.6	25.4
Environmental					
Elevated Blood Lead Levels	0	5	0	10.6	31.7
Sexually Transmitted					
Chlamydia	3	145	4	306.4	437.4
Gonorrhea	0	8	0	16.9	35.9
Syphilis	0	0	0	0.0	6.3
Respiratory					
COVID-19	5	9610	4	20304.7	6757.0
Post-Vaccine	0	6371	1.67	13461.1	4198.3
Tuberculosis					
TB, Confirmed	0	6	1	12.7	74.0
TB, Under Investigation	1	17	0.07	35.9	44.4

*Rate per 100,000; Data are preliminary and subject to change. CNMI population estimates were determined using 2021 Census International Database (https://www.census.gov/data-tools/demo/idb/#/country?YR_ANIM=2021&COUNTRY_YR_ANIM=2021&FIPS_SINGLE=CO)



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CNMI Weekly COVID-19 Surveillance Report

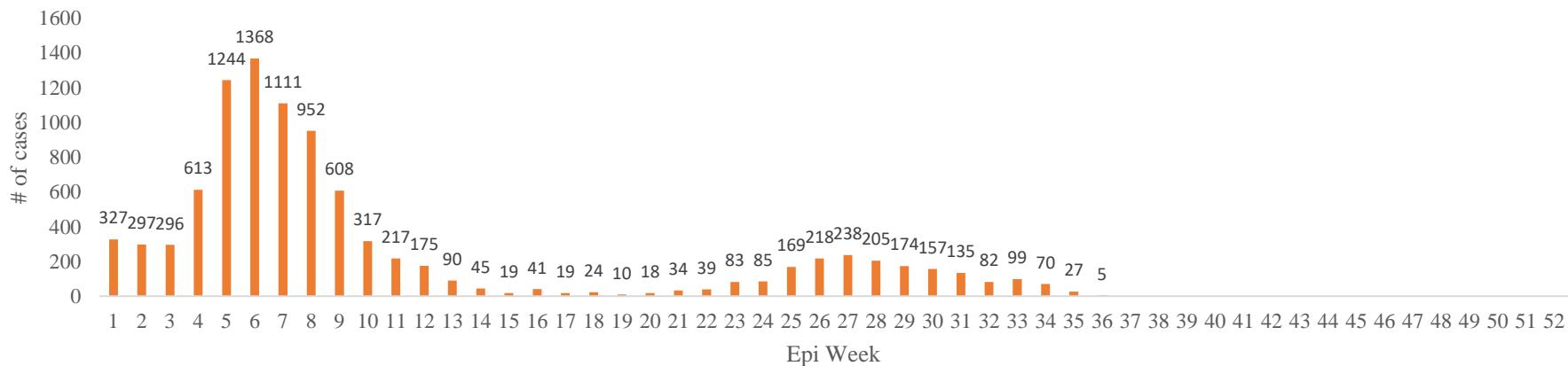


EPI WEEK 36

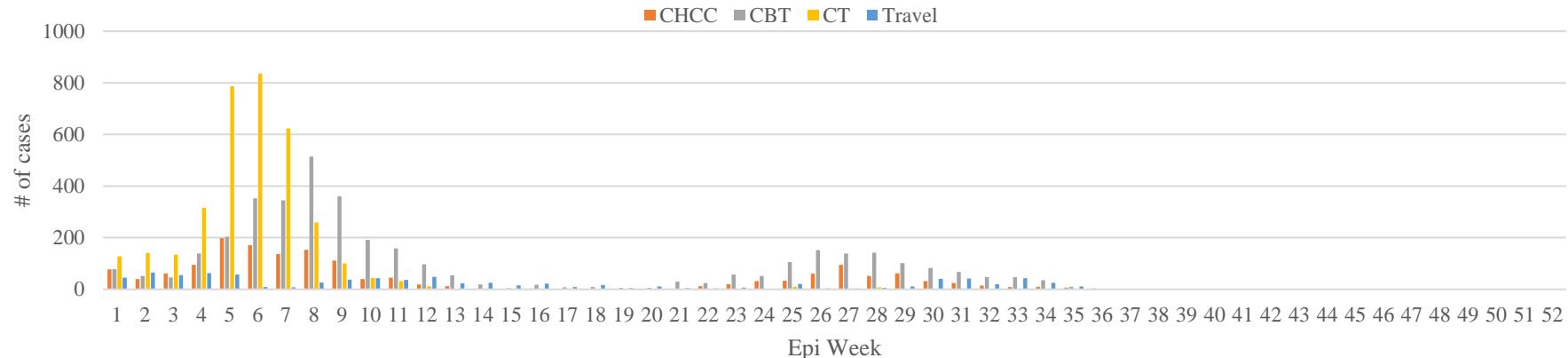
EPI WEEK DATE: September 04 - September 10, 2022

For additional COVID-19 data, please visit this link: <https://chcc.datadriven.health/ui/99/dashboard/cbaeede2-4f75-11eb-b380-0242ac1d004a>

Covid-19 Cases Reported, January 02, 2022 - September 10, 2022



Covid-19 Diagnoses Source, January 02, 2022 - September 10, 2022



For COVID-19 vaccination data, please visit this link: <https://www.vaccinatecnmi.com/vax-dashboard/>

*Data are preliminary and subject to change.



Commonwealth Healthcare Corporation

CNMI Weekly Health & Vital Statistics Report



REPORTING PERIOD: EPI YEAR 2022 as of EPI WEEK 36

The statistics on births, deaths, and causes of deaths in this report are derived from birth and death registrations processed daily at the Health and Vital Statistics Office.

<ul style="list-style-type: none">Number of births: <u>9 (321)</u>Average: <u>9 (per week)</u>Infections present and/or treated during pregnancy:<ul style="list-style-type: none">Chlamydia: <u>0 (17)</u>Gonorrhea: <u>0 (1)</u>Syphilis: <u>0 (0)</u>Hepatitis B: <u>0 (2)</u>Hepatitis C: <u>0 (1)</u>COVID-19: <u>0 (28)</u>Substance use during pregnancy:<ul style="list-style-type: none">Cigarette smoking: <u>0 (13)</u>Betelnut chewing: <u>0 (66)</u>Betelnut chewing + tobacco: <u>0 (65)</u>Alcohol use: <u>0 (0)</u>Drug use: <u>0 (3)</u>Maternal risk factors in pregnancy:<ul style="list-style-type: none">Pre-pregnancy DM: <u>0 (10)</u>Gestational DM: <u>4 (51)</u>Pre-pregnancy HTN: <u>0 (5)</u>Gestational HTN: <u>1 (17)</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Number of deaths: <u>1 (192)</u>Average: <u>5 (per week)</u>Number of deaths who received COVID-19 vaccine:<table><thead><tr><th>Age range:</th><th>< 5</th><th>≥ 5</th><th>12-17</th><th>18 & over</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>Nº of death</td><td>0 (5)</td><td>0 (0)</td><td>0 (1)</td><td>1 (186)</td></tr><tr><td>Nº Vaccinated</td><td>0 (0)</td><td>0 (0)</td><td>0 (0)</td><td>0 (120)</td></tr><tr><td>% Vaccinated</td><td>0%</td><td>0%</td><td>0%</td><td>65%</td></tr></tbody></table>Note: On 06/18/2022, CDC approved children aged 6 months to under 5 years-old to receive the COVID-19 vaccine.COVID-19 related deaths: <u>0 (26)</u><ul style="list-style-type: none"><u>COVID-19 as underlying cause of death:</u> <u>0 (20)</u><u>COVID-19 as other contributing condition:*</u> <u>0 (6)</u> ** Reported as other significant conditions contributing to death but NOT resulting in the underlying causeOpioid related deaths: <u>0 (0)</u>Top 5 Leading Causes of Death:<table><tbody><tr><td>Diseases of the circulatory system:</td><td><u>1 (60)</u></td></tr><tr><td>Neoplasms:</td><td><u>0 (32)</u></td></tr><tr><td>Codes for special purposes (COVID-19):</td><td><u>0 (20)</u></td></tr><tr><td>Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases:</td><td><u>0 (14)</u></td></tr><tr><td>Disease of the digestive system</td><td><u>0 (14)</u></td></tr><tr><td>All other causes:</td><td><u>0 (52)</u></td></tr></tbody></table>	Age range:	< 5	≥ 5	12-17	18 & over	Nº of death	0 (5)	0 (0)	0 (1)	1 (186)	Nº Vaccinated	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (120)	% Vaccinated	0%	0%	0%	65%	Diseases of the circulatory system:	<u>1 (60)</u>	Neoplasms:	<u>0 (32)</u>	Codes for special purposes (COVID-19):	<u>0 (20)</u>	Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases:	<u>0 (14)</u>	Disease of the digestive system	<u>0 (14)</u>	All other causes:	<u>0 (52)</u>
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Data source: Electronic Vital Registration System (EVRS)

